

Table 5. Stepwise multiple regression analysis on neurological soft signs in patient group (N=50)

	R ²	Independent variable	Model F test
Neurological Evaluation Scale			
Step 1	0.080	General Psychopathology	F(1, 48) = 4.196, <i>p</i> = 0.046
Step 2	0.155	General Psychopathology Education (yrs)	F(2, 47) = 4.318, <i>p</i> = 0.019
Sensory Integration			
Step 1	0.161	Gender [¥]	F(1, 48) = 9.181, <i>p</i> = 0.004
Motor coordination			
Step 1	0.156	Number of Hospitalization	F(1, 48) = 8.841, <i>p</i> = 0.005
Sequencing of Complex Motor Acts			
Step 1	0.180	Education (yrs)	F(1, 48) = 10.541, <i>p</i> = 0.002
Other Soft Neurological Signs [§]			

Note. [¥] Gender: 0=Women; 1=Male; [§] All independent variables are excluded from the stepwise regression model.

This article has been accepted for publication and undergone full peer review but has not been through the copyediting, typesetting, pagination and proofreading process, which may lead to differences between this version and the Version of Record.

Please cite this article as: Evren Kilicaslan E, Atilgan M, Kurt M, Boysan M, Gulec M. Şizofrenide nörolojik silik belirtiler, kronotip ve uyku kalitesi arasındaki ilişkisi, *Dusunen Adam The Journal of Psychiatry and Neurological Sciences*, DOI: 10.14744/DAJPNS.2020.00090
Available online at: dusunenadamdergisi.org/ahead-of-print